DONATION OPTIONS FOR NEONATES ARE INCREASING
• New research donation options include:
  o Gestational ages as early as third trimester.
  o A variety of birth defects (including anencephaly and other rare disorders).
• Intubation is not always necessary for a baby to be a donor.
• Weight restrictions may not apply in all circumstances.
• In some cases, organs and tissue may be recovered up to 12 hours after death.
• In some cases, stillborn babies may still donate with estimation of time of asystole.
• After organ/tissue recovery, a family may still have the option of receiving their baby back for more bonding time.

DONATION POSSIBILITIES FOR TRANSPLANT
• Heart valves
• Kidneys
• Liver cells for cell therapy

DONATION POSSIBILITIES FOR RESEARCH
• Lungs en bloc
• Whole heart
• Liver
• Pancreas
• Kidneys en bloc
• Skeletal muscles
• Cornea and retinas
• Occasionally, other organs/tissues for special projects as well as whole body donation

OTHER DONATION OPPORTUNITIES
• Blood and/or skin samples relevant to specific birth defects for various university and medical studies. Learn more by visiting www.clinicaltrials.gov.
• The National Birth Defect Registry, internet based participation which can be completed before or after birth, www.birthdefects.org.

HOW TO FACILITATE DONATION
• If you have a family that has shown interest in donation or if you have a baby that is a possible donor, contact your organ procurement organization (OPO) as soon as possible, preferably before the baby is born. Find your OPO at www.aopo.org.
• Develop a relationship with your OPO, learn about their program, and speak to their Hospital Development Coordinator.
• In many cases, a donation discussion will be family-driven. Be sure to provide accurate information so they can make an educated decision. For more information on options to discuss with a potential donor family, visit www.purposefulgift.com or www.iiam.org.
• In other cases, the concept of donation may need to be introduced to the family by medical professionals. Be respectful of the time a family may need to process the initial diagnosis and become emotionally open to new ideas.
• Donation, whether for transplant or research, can help a child have a lasting legacy, and add an extra layer of meaning to a life that is brief and bring healing to the family.

For more information please visit: www.purposefulgift.com

Help a brief life have a lasting legacy.